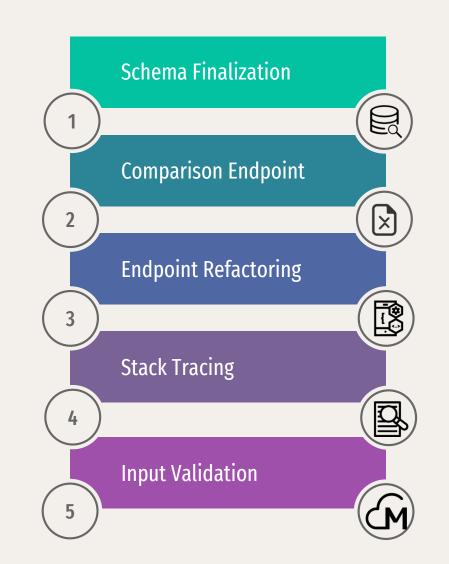
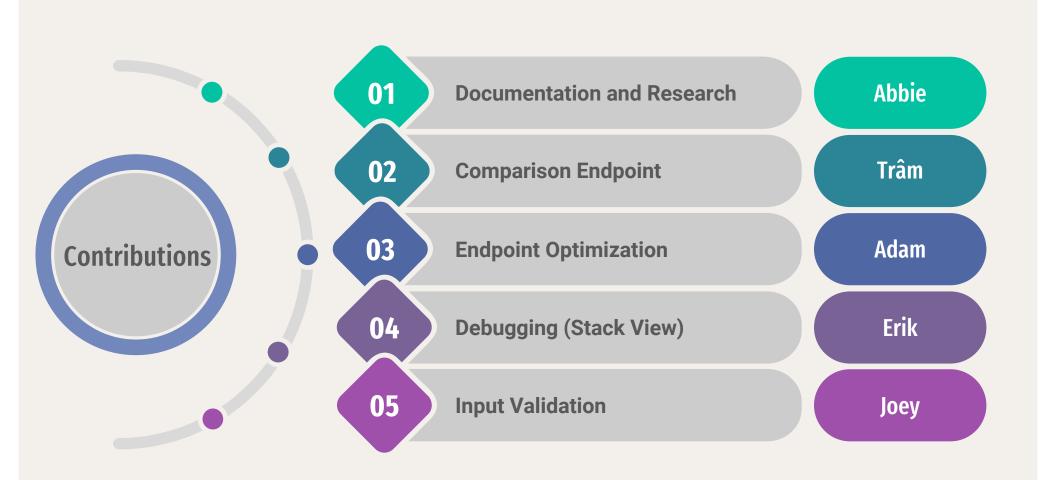


Accomplishments

Planned: 23/77

Completed: 25/77





User Story 1



As a back-end developer, I want to ensure that APIs align with the front-end team's requirements so that the data delivered is in a format that can be seamlessly integrated into the UI, ensuring a consistent and efficient user experience.

Size: 5

```
"comparisons": [

    "left_article_array": [
        "This is the first sentence",
        "this is the second sentence",
        "this is the third sentence"
        ],
        "right_article_array": [
        "This is the first sentence in a diff language",
        "this is the second sentence in a diff language",
        "this is the third sentence in a diff language"
        ],
        "left_article_missing_info_index": [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 12, 15, 16, 20],
        "right_article_extra_info_index": [5, 9, 20, 43, 759, 953]
    }
}
```

Backend → **Frontend**

Frontend → Backend

```
"article_text_blob_1": "string",
    "article_text_blob_2": "string",
    "article_text_blob_1_language": "string",
    "article_text_blob_2_language": "string",
    "comparison_threshold": 0,
    "model_name": "string"
}
```



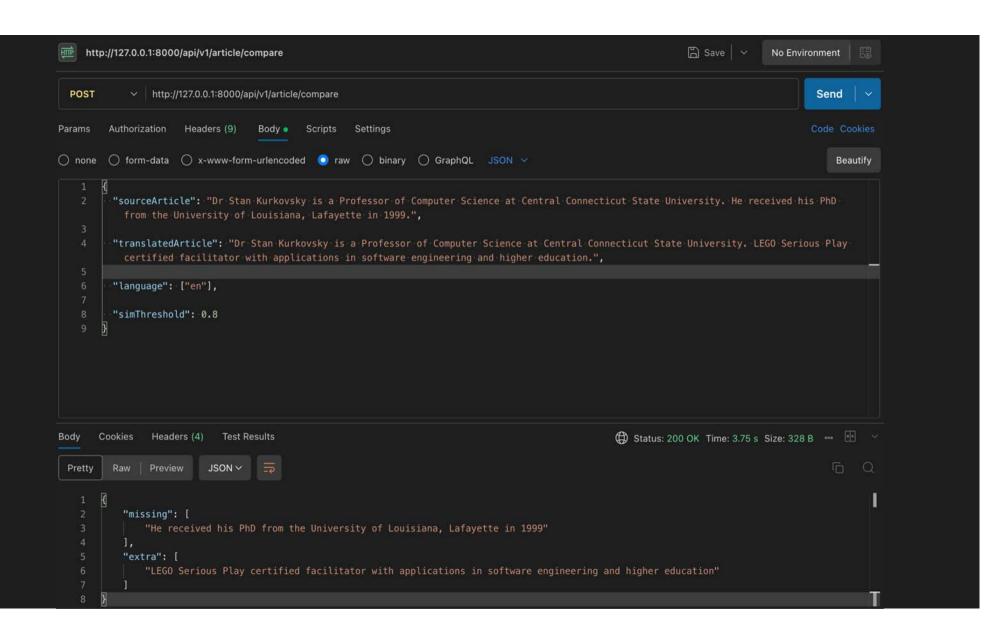
As a front-end developer, I want an API that retrieves both the original and translated versions of an article so that the front end can render and display this content.

Size: 5

User Story 2

```
fastapi > app > api > 🕏 comparison.py > ...
       # Location: fastapi/app/api/comparison endpoint.py
  1
  2
       from fastapi import APIRouter
      from app.model.request import CompareRequest
      from app.model.response import CompareResponse
      from typing import List
  6
      # Call semantic_compare function from their LLM code:
  8
       from app.ai.semantic_comparison import perform_semantic_comparison
 10
       router = APIRouter(prefix="/api/v1", tags=["comparison"])
       @router.get("/test")
 11
 12
 13
       @router.post("/article/compare", response_model=CompareResponse)
 14
       def compare_articles(payload: CompareRequest):
           missing_list, extra_list = perform_semantic_comparison(
 15
 16
               text_a = payload.sourceArticle,
               text_b = payload.translatedArticle,
 17
               similarity_threshold = payload.simThreshold,
 18
               model name = "sentence-transformers/LaBSE"
 19
 20
           return CompareResponse(missing = missing_list, extra = extra_list)
 21
```

```
fastapi > app > model > 📌 request.py > 😭 CompareRequ
       from pydantic import BaseModel
       from typing import List
      class Url(BaseModel):
           address: str
  6
       class Comparator(BaseModel):
  8
           source: str
           target: str
 10
 11
       class CompareRequest(BaseModel):
 12
           sourceArticle: str
 13
           translatedArticle: str
 14
           language: List[str]
 15
           simThreshold: float
```



User Story 3



As a back-end developer, I want consistent response structures across all endpoints so that consuming services can reliably use the data.

Size 5

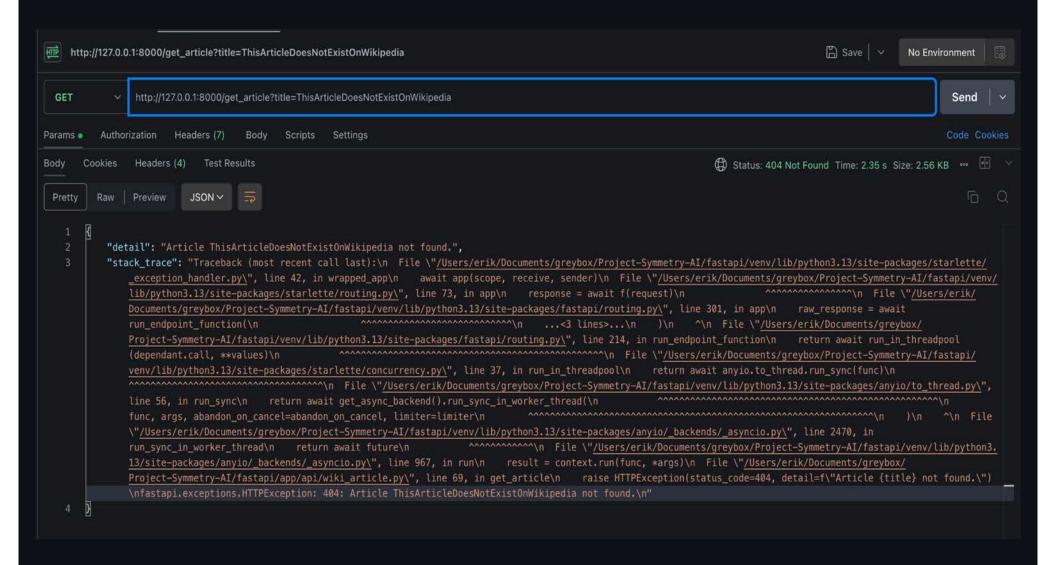
```
@router.get( path: "/symmetry/v1/wiki/articles", response_model=ArticleResponse)
                                           def get_article(
 @router.get("/get_article",
                                           url: Annotated[Union[str, None], Query()] = None,
                                            title: Annotated[Union[str, None], Query()] = None,
                                            language: Annotated[str, Query()] = "en"):
 page = wiki_wiki.page(title)
                                                                                       wiki_wiki = wikipediaapi.Wikipedia(mser_agent='Symmetry/2.0 (contac
                                                                                       page = wiki_wiki.page(title)
 if not page.exists():
     logging.info("Article not found.")
                                                                                       if not page.exists():
     raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="Article not found.")
                                                                                          logging.info("Article not found.")
                                                                                          raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="Article not found.
 article_content = page.text # Get the article text
 languages = list(page.langlinks.keys())
 return {"sourceArticle": article_content, "articleLanguages": languages}
                                                                                       languages = list(page.langlinks.keys())
                                                                                       return {"article": article_content, "articleLanguages": languages}
f extract title from url(url: str) → str:
                                            # Class defines the API reponse format for source article (output)
                                             class SourceArticleResponse(BaseModel):
                                                                                                                   class ArticleResponse(BaseModel):
                                                articleLanguages: List[str]
                                                                                                                       article: str
                                                                                                                      articleLanguages: List[str]
                                            class TranslateArticleResponse(BaseModel):
                                                translatedArticle: str
```



As a back-end developer, I want to be able to see the stack of function calls for each error message in order to make endpoint development more efficient

Size: 3

User Story 4



User Story 5



As a back-end developer, I want to parse and validate incoming URLs so that I can reduce invalid requests and decrease server load.

Size 5

```
@router.get("/get_article", response_model=SourceArticleResponse)
def get_article(url: str = Query(None), title: str = Query(None)):
    logging.info("Calling get article endpoint")
   if url:
       title = extract_title_from_url(url)
       # Parses url into chunks to validate it
       parsed_url = urlparse(url)
        if not parsed_url.netloc.endswith("wikipedia.org"):
           logging.info("Invalid Wikipedia URL.")
           raise HTTPException(status_code=400, detail="Invalid Wikipedia URL.")
       if not parsed_url.path.startswith("/wiki/"):
           logging.info("Invalid wiki article path.")
           raise HTTPException(status code=400, detail="Invalid wiki article path.")
        # Separates the url prefix to determine language
        language_code = parsed_url.netloc.split('.')[0]
       if not language code.isalpha() or len(language code) > 2:
            logging.info("Invalid language prefix format.")
           raise HTTPException(status_code=400, detail="Invalid language code in URL.")
    if not title:
        logging.info("Invalid Wikipedia URL provided.")
       raise HTTPException(status_code=400, detail="Invalid Wikipedia URL provided.")
        # Dynamically creates Wikipedia object for whichever language is selected
        wiki_wiki = wikipediaapi.Wikipedia(user_agent='MyApp/2.0 (contact@example.com)', language=language_code)
       page = wiki_wiki.page(title)
       if not page.exists():
           logging.info("Article not found.")
           raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="Article not found.")
        article_content = page.text # Get the article text
        if not article_content:
           logging.info(f"Article '{title}' exists but has no content.")
           raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="Article has no content.")
        if not hasattr(page, "langlinks") or page.langlinks is None:
           languages = []
            logging.warning(f"No language links found for article '{title}'.")
```

URL Validation Using urllib urlparse

```
else:
           languages = list(page.langlinks.keys())
           logging.info(f"Languages available for article '{title}': {languages}")
       # Fetch available languages
       languages = list(page.langlinks.keys())
       logging.info(f"Languages available for article '{title}': {languages}")
       #Check if language is valid
       if not is_valid_language(language_code, languages):
           logging.info("Unsupported Wikipedia language")
           raise HTTPException(status_code=400, detail="Unsupported Wikipedia language")
    except Exception as e:
       logging.error(f"An error occurred: {str(e)}")
       raise HTTPException(status code=500, detail="An internal error occurred while processing
   return {"sourceArticle": article_content, "articleLanguages": languages}
def extract_title_from_url(url: str) -> str:
       # Extract the article title from the URL path
                                                          Title scraper
       match = re.search(r'/wiki/([^#?]*)', url)
       if match:
           return match.group(1).replace('_', ' ')
       return None
# Validates language prefix at beginning of url "en", "fr", etc.
def is_valid_language(lang_code: str, available_languages: List[str]) -> bool:
                                                                                             Lang validation
    # Checks if the language code is in available languages
   if lang_code in available_languages:
                                                                                             helper method
       return True
   # Enables the current article language to be valid (even if no translations yet)
    return True if lang code else False
```

What Worked



01

Redefining



02

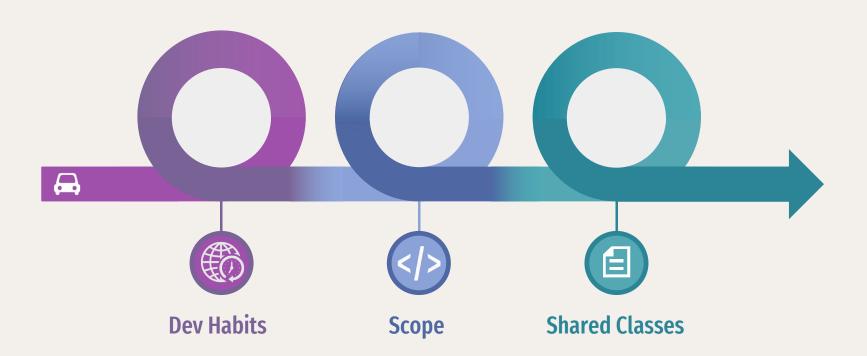
Paired Engineering



03

Confirmation

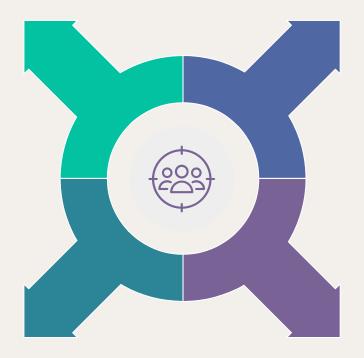
Roadblocks



Lessons Learned

Version Control

Merges and Branches and Conflicts, oh my!



Accountability

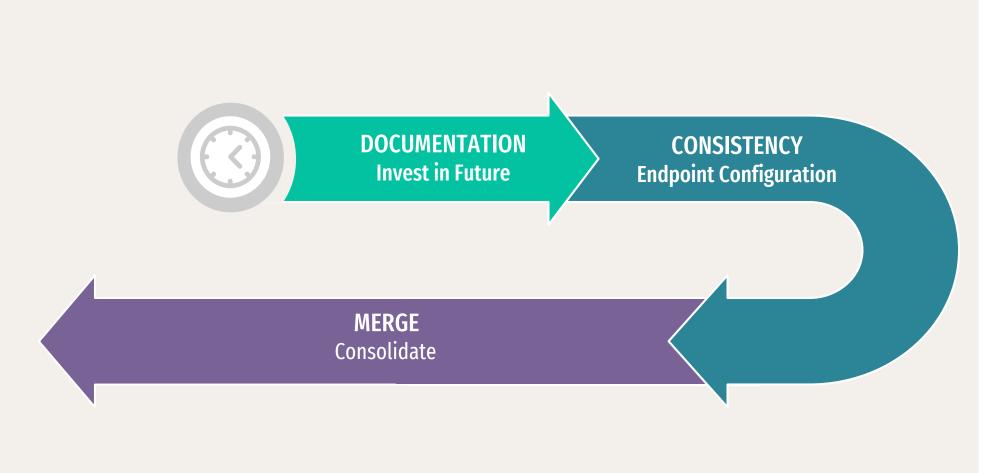
Last minute work

Compromise

Finding what works

Documentation

Finding solutions



Thank you



By any chance is anyone familiar with this particular airplane pressure control component?

- anonymous